# **Making it Move**

Different mechanical systems can be used to make an object move. The parts of a machine that create movement are called mechanisms. Mechanisms include sliders, levers, linkages, wheels, axles and cams.

#### Sliders

Sliders move from side to side or up and down.

Bolts use a slider mechanism.



Levers consist of a rigid bar that rotates around a fixed point called a fulcrum or pivot.

A seesaw is an example of a lever mechanism.



# mechanism.

# Wheels and axles

Axles are rods which allow wheels to rotate to help a vehicle move easily.

Wheels and axles are used on cars and pull-along carts.

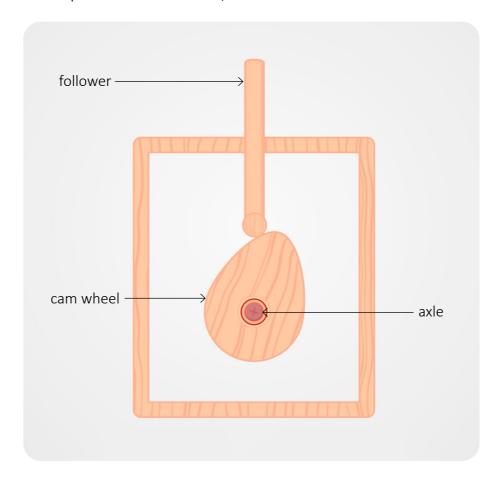






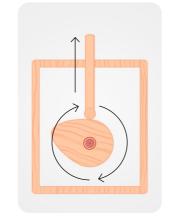
### Cam mechanism

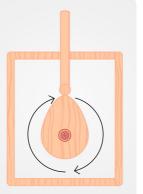
A cam mechanism is used to change rotational movement into up and down movement. It consists of three parts: a cam wheel, an axle and a follower.

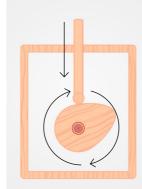


## Movement created by a cam

When the axle turns, the cam wheel rotates. This makes the follower that rests on the cam wheel move up and down, following the shape of the wheel's edge.

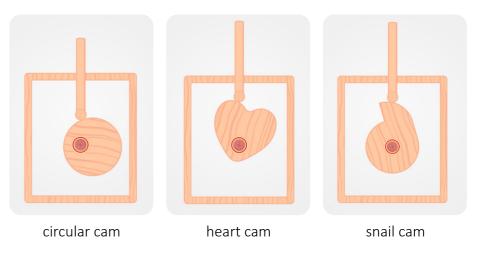






# **Different-shaped cams**

Cam wheels come in different shapes to do particular jobs. Each shape makes the follower move up and down in a different pattern. Some are used to open and close valves in engines, and others allow carousel horses to move up and down.



#### **Automata**

Automata are mechanical objects or models that can be relatively self-operating. They often contain a range of cam mechanisms that create movement.



The Silver Swan automaton, Bowes Museum, Barnard Castle

## **Glossary**

follower	Part of a mechanism that follows the movement of another part.
•	

A system of parts that work together in mechanism

a machine.